WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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- An image processing apparatus for, when a frame rate, which can assure sufficiently high image quality of a moving image, is expressed by N frames/sec,
- playing back moving image data, which has a frame rate of M (M > N) frames/sec higher than that frame rate, and respective frames of which are compression-encoded to be independently decodable, comprising:

decoding means for decoding the

10 compression-encoded frames;

switching means for switching a playback mode between a normal playback mode and slow playback mode;

first playback means for, when said switching means selects the normal playback mode, reading out frames from the image data at a first frame interval, decoding the readout frames by said decoding means, and playing back the decoded frames at substantially N frames/sec; and

second playback means for, when said switching

means selects the slow playback mode, reading out
frames from the image data at a second frame interval
narrower than the first frame interval, decoding the
readout frames by said decoding means, and playing back
the decoded frames at least at substantially N

frames/sec.

2. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the compressed moving image data has a structure which

includes both a frame group captured at M frames/sec, and a frame group captured at N frames/sec, and said second playback means is applied to the frame group captured at M frames/sec.

5 3. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the compressed moving image data has a structure which includes both a frame group captured at M frames/sec, and a frame group captured at N frames/sec, and

said apparatus further comprises third playback

10 means for playing back the frame group captured at N

frames/sec at a normal frame rate, and playing back the

frame group captured at M frames/sec in the slow

playback mode at the normal frame rate without

decimation upon playing back the moving image data.

15 4. The apparatus according to claim 3, wherein said second playback means includes a manual mode that executes slow playback upon reception of a slow playback instruction, and an auto mode that executes a slow playback process irrespective of the

presence/absence of a slow playback instruction.

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- 5. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the respective frames of the moving image data are encoded by JPEG2000 encoding.
- 6. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the moving image data is encoded by MotionJPEG encoding.
 - 7. An image processing method of playing back, when a frame rate, which can assure sufficiently high image

quality of a moving image, is expressed by N frames/sec, moving image data, which has a frame rate of M (M > N) frames/sec higher than that frame rate, and respective frames of which are compression-encoded to be independently decodable, comprising:

a decoding step of decoding the compression-encoded frames;

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a first playback step of reading out, when switching means for switching a playback mode between a normal playback mode and slow playback mode selects the normal playback mode, frames from the image data at a first frame interval, decoding the readout frames in the decoding step, and playing back the decoded frames at substantially N frames/sec; and

a second playback step of reading out, when the switching means selects the slow playback mode, frames from the image data at a second frame interval narrower than the first frame interval, decoding the readout frames in the decoding step, and playing back the decoded frames at least at substantially N frames/sec.

8. A computer program serving as an image processing apparatus for, when a frame rate, which can assure sufficiently high image quality of a moving image, is expressed by N frames/sec, playing back moving image data, which has a frame rate of M (M > N) frames/sec higher than that frame rate, and respective frames of which are compression-encoded to be independently

decodable, said program serving as:

decoding means for decoding the compression-encoded frames;

first playback means for, when switching means for switching a playback mode between a normal playback mode and slow playback mode selects the normal playback mode, reading out frames from the image data at a first frame interval, decoding the readout frames by said decoding means, and playing back the decoded frames at substantially N frames/sec; and

second playback means for, when said switching means selects the slow playback mode, reading out frames from the image data at a second frame interval narrower than the first frame interval, decoding the readout frames by said decoding means, and playing back the decoded frames at least at substantially N frames/sec.

- A computer readable storage medium storing a computer program of claim 8.
- 20 10. An image processing apparatus for playing back moving image data, respective frames of which are hierarchically compression-encoded to be independently decodable, comprising:

decoding means for decoding the

25 compression-encoded frames;

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switching means for switching a playback mode between a normal playback mode and slow playback mode;

first playback means for, when said switching means selects the normal playback mode, reading out data within a first range from low to high hierarchical components of respective frames from the moving image data, decoding the readout frames by said decoding means, and playing back the decoded frames; and

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second playback means for, when said switching means selects the slow playback mode, reading out data within a second range, broader than the first range,

- from low to high hierarchical components of respective frames from the moving image data, decoding the readout frames by said decoding means, and playing back the decoded frames.
- 11. The apparatus according to claim 10, wherein the

 15 compression-encoded moving image data is a data stream
 which includes both a high-definition frame group, and
 a low-definition frame group, and said second playback
 means is applied to only the high-definition frame
 group.
- 20 12. The apparatus according to claim 10, wherein the compression-encoded moving image data is a data stream which includes both a high-definition frame group, and a low-definition frame group, and

said apparatus further comprises control means

25 for, when the high-definition frame group is played
back, controlling to play back using said second
playback means.

- 13. The apparatus according to claim 10, wherein said second playback means includes a manual mode that executes slow playback upon reception of a slow playback instruction, and an auto mode that executes a slow playback process irrespective of the presence/absence of a slow playback instruction.
- 14. The apparatus according to claim 10, wherein the respective frames of the moving image data are encoded by JPEG2000 encoding.
- 10 15. The apparatus according to claim 10, wherein the moving image data is encoded by MotionJPEG encoding.
 - 16. The apparatus according to claim 10, wherein a high-definition frame group in the moving image data is moving image data which, when a frame rate that can
- 15 assure sufficiently high image quality of a moving image is expressed by N frames/sec, has a frame rate of M (M > N) frames/sec higher than that frame rate, and respective frames of which are compression-encoded to be independently decodable,
- said first playback means reads out respective frames from the image data at a first frame interval, decodes the readout frames by said decoding means, and plays back the decoded frames at substantially N frames/sec, and
- said second playback means reads out respective frames from the image data at a second frame interval narrower than the first frame interval, decodes the

readout frames by said decoding means, and plays back the decoded frames at least at substantially N frames/sec.

- 17. The apparatus according to claim 16, wherein the compressed moving image data has a structure which includes both a frame group captured at M frames/sec, and a frame group captured at N frames/sec, and said second playback means is applied to the frame group captured at M frames/sec.
- 10 18. The apparatus according to claim 16, wherein the compressed moving image data has a structure which includes both a frame group captured at M frames/sec, and a frame group captured at N frames/sec, and
- said apparatus further comprises third playback

 means for playing back the frame group captured at N

 frames/sec at a normal frame rate, and playing back the

 frame group captured at M frames/sec in the slow

 playback mode at the normal frame rate without

 decimation upon playing back the moving image data.
- 20 19. The apparatus according to claim 16, wherein said second playback means includes a manual mode that executes slow playback upon reception of a slow playback instruction, and an auto mode that executes a slow playback process irrespective of the
- 25 presence/absence of a slow playback instruction.
 - 20. An image processing method of playing back moving image data, respective frames of which are

compression-encoded for respective subbands of hierarchical frequency components to be independently decodable, comprising:

- a decoding step of decoding the
- 5 compression-encoded frames;

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- a first playback step of reading out, when switching means for switching a playback mode between a normal playback mode and slow playback mode selects the normal playback mode, data within a first range from low to high hierarchical components of respective frames from the moving image data, decoding the readout frames in the decoding step, and playing back the decoded frames; and
- a second playback step of, when said switching

 15 means selects the slow playback mode, reading out data
 within a second range, broader than the first range,
 from low to high hierarchical components of respective
 frames from the moving image data, decoding the readout
 frames in the decoding step, and playing back the

 20 decoded frames.
 - 21. A computer program serving as an image processing apparatus for playing back moving image data, respective frames of which are hierarchically compression-encoded to be independently decodable, said program serving as:

decoding means for decoding the compression-encoded frames;

first playback means for, when switching means for switching a playback mode between a normal playback mode and slow playback mode selects the normal playback mode, reading out data within a first range from low to high hierarchical components of respective frames from the moving image data, decoding the readout frames by said decoding means, and playing back the decoded frames; and

second playback means for, when said switching

means selects the slow playback mode, reading out data
within a second range, broader than the first range,
from low to high hierarchical components of respective
frames from the moving image data, decoding the readout
frames by said decoding means, and playing back the
decoded frames.

22. A computer readable storage medium storing a computer program of claim 21.